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AUG 08 2019

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND, NORTHERN DIVISION

101 West Lombard Street  
Baltimore, MD 21201  
(410) 962-2600

DEPUTY

ANDREW U. D. STRAW, )  
*Plaintiff,* )  
v. )  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, )  
*Defendant.* )

Case No.: 19-2294 JMC  
Hon.  
Judge Presiding  
Hon.  
Magistrate Judge  
Jury Trial Demanded

**COMPLAINT**

I, *plaintiff* Andrew U. D. Straw, for my Complaint against the defendant herein, complain that the U.S. Department of State has constructively deprived me of my repatriation loan by discriminating against me in the process, misusing my medical certificate to claim I am not disabled and do not need accommodations, thus violating the Rehab Act provisions banning discrimination by federal agencies, and without the process due under the Fifth Amendment, making this a *Bivens v. Six Unknown Agents* and *Carey v. Piphus* case for compensatory and punitive damages as well as a Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and discrimination in lending case for compensatory damages, and I so COMPLAIN:

**PERSONAL FACTS**

1. I incorporate by reference all of the averments and statements of fact and law in the attached affidavit dated August 3, 2019.
2. My residence is in the Philippines now. I have no office myself.

3. I have engaged in reform efforts to protect disability access, and I sought a repatriation loan as a disabled and poor American citizen living in the Philippines without access to his Medicare. I was illegally denied the repatriation loan by the U.S. Embassy as described in my affidavit.

### DISABILITIES

4. I have severe physical and mental disabilities from public service per the affidavit. I hereby incorporate by reference the following documents from *Straw v. Village of Streamwood, et. al.*, 3:16-cv-50387 (N.D. Ill.): my affidavit regarding disabilities, Exhibit 4 in that case, and all evidence thereof mentioned in that affidavit, Exhibits 5-10. The x-rays of my broken legs and pelvis are easily seen on the webpage I set up to display my disabilities. [www.andrewudstraw.com](http://www.andrewudstraw.com)

5. I have been adjudicated as disabled by Illinois Court of Appeals, which recognized that I am a disability rights public figure. *Straw v. Chamber*, 2015 IL App (1st) 143094-U (at \*2).

6. Further, the U.S. Department of Education forgave my \$52,000 student loan due to my being on SSDI with severe disabilities. This disability forgiveness was finalized on or about September of 2017.

7. I am a disability rights political figure because I founded “Disability Party” on 2/5/2013 and it now has thousands of followers in the U.S.A. and abroad.

8. The ADA Amendments Act of 2008 guarantees that mitigating or ameliorating treatments should be disregarded when considering the disability. 42 USC §12102(4)(E)(i). The same standard is true of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the State Department is bound by the Rehab Act not to discriminate in its programs. 29 U.S.C. §§ 794 & 794a

9. The state of my right hip and right femur and left leg and ankle show that I would be in a wheelchair all the time without that metal keeping me together. I am even missing a large portion of the top of my right femur from the total hip replacement, which includes a prosthetic partial femur. I must be considered as a person who uses a wheelchair because I could be in that state with a single trip and fall, I have used a wheelchair in the past, and the ADA says I am in that “wheelchair-using state” forever **as a matter of law**. 42 USC §12102(4)(E)(i). *See*, affidavit on disability and x-rays. 29 U.S.C. §§ 794 & 794a use the same standards.

10. I have sued the City of South Bend in Indiana and sought the assistance of the Federal Highway Administration's Office of Civil Rights in 2015. *Straw v. City of South Bend, et. al.*, 3:16-cv-342-JED-MGG (N.D. Ind.). FHWA assisted me.

11. FHWA said that blocking accessible features with snow is prohibited under the ADA, Title II. (Exhibit 16, *Straw v. Streamwood*). I settled with South Bend years ago. Similarly, I settled with Kane County, Illinois, on or about March 2017 due to that local government leaving a large pile of snow in 50% of its handicap parking serving the Election Board office when I was a congressional candidate there.

12. These settlements are evidence that my ADA work in the N. District of Illinois and the N. District of Indiana is yielding results for people with disabilities. I have also set an Illinois human rights precedent that businesses deliberately piling snow into handicap parking is discrimination on its face. *Straw v. Reposteria*, 2015CP3451 (Ill. Hum. Rts. Comm. 2019). I had standing to do this because of my physical disabilities obtained from my sacrifice to 400+ Indiana courts.

13. The Indiana Supreme Court has discriminated against me for the past **18 years** for the reasons I gave in *Straw v. Indiana Supreme Court*,

*et. al.*, 1:16-cv-3483-SEB-TAB (S.D. Ind.). See also *Straw v. Indiana, et. al.*, 2019-147 (Vt.).

14. I am very sensitive and absolutely intolerant to disability discrimination and denial of my rights to accommodations and this increases the level of damages that are due here.

15. My affidavit establishes my grounds for asking the following counts to be adjudicated:

**COUNT I: 5<sup>TH</sup> AMENDMENT  
DUE PROCESS VIOLATIONS**

16. This *Bivens v. Six Unknown Agents* count is about my 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment substantive due process (*Goldberg v. Kelly*) rights being violated by the defendant, the United States. I had a right to the repatriation loan without any bad faith actions depriving me of that program and its benefits. There is no requirement in that program that a medical certificate allowing travel could be used to **deny accommodations**. The Embassy acted in bad faith in denying me my escort, refusing to pay her, and falsely interpreting my fitness to travel certificate (Ex. 1) as meaning I am not disabled such that I need no accommodation. These acts of discrimination were done deliberately to

deny a program benefit these officers had no right to deny on the grounds they gave.

17. I have had no hearing or other due process justifying that result or rightly depriving me of this benefit or limiting it. The repatriation loan consideration happened in the dark with discrimination in the dark.

18. The damages I claim are **\$2,500** for tickets for myself and my escort HHA plus **\$50,000** in damages for wages for my HHA for the 1 year of her B1 domestic work visa in the USA. **TOTAL: \$52,500**

**COUNT II: REHABILITATION ACT AND DISCRIMINATION IN  
LENDING UNDER THE REPATRIATION LOAN PROGRAM OF THE  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

19. I claim damages for the humiliation and acts of denial of my disabilities and my need for accommodations. *Barnes v. Gorman* shows that in situations of humiliation and rejection of disability rights, \$1 million can be an appropriate amount for compensatory damages under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 794 & 794a.

20. Alternatively, the facts justify relief under 15 U.S.C. § 1691 for lending discrimination.

21. The Justice Department has argued that Social Security benefits, including SSDI, are “public assistance benefits” for purposes of Equal Credit Opportunity Act and its implementing regulation, Regulation B, 12 C.F.R. § 202.1, et seq. DOJ also argued that, “All recipients of SSDI have been determined to have a disability within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 423(d)(1) by the Social Security Administration.” *USA v. Evolve Bank & Trust*, 2:16-v-02040 (W.D. Tenn.) (Dkt. 1). DOJ recognizes damages to private individuals should be paid when there is discrimination based on disability in lending, and the repatriation loan is a lending program. 24 C.F.R. § 100.130(b). I therefore seek damages for the abuse of my person.

22. **TOTAL: \$1,000,000**

#### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

23. I demand **\$1,000,000** in compensatory damages for Rehabilitation Act violations and discrimination in lending and another **\$52,500** for substantive due process constitutional violations or amounts above these that judge and/or jury find to be more just. **\$1,052,000** in total.

24. This amount is just and proper because my disabilities were disrespected in the context of my right to international travel being

restricted and disrespected and other rights as shown in the affidavit.

*Kent v. Dulles*, 357 U.S. 116 (1958).

## DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

25. I seek declaratory judgment that when a disabled person with conclusive evidence of severe disabilities asks for an accommodation, the United States may not say no to that request in the context of the Rehabilitation Loan program or any other federal lending program.

26. Further, I seek declaration that only the disabled person/applicant can decide what accommodation they need and no medical certificate *simply showing fitness to travel* can be used to deny any accommodation, including for an escort.

27. Further, I seek declaration that it is indisputable that denying a severely disabled person an escort and then adding to the insult that the escort cannot get a B1 domestic visa because of the denial under the repatriation loan, this is discrimination on its face, **compounded and astronomically increased** in damage such that maximum compensation is due. Given another disabled person received \$1,000,000 for humiliation equal in nature to this that mentioned the Rehabilitation

Act, **\$1,052,500** is the right amount here under *Barnes v. Gorman*, 536 U.S. 181 (2002).

28. Finally, I would ask for any other relief this Court and a jury may deem appropriate to achieve justice. If the Court or the jury believe more damages is appropriate, I would accept more than the above. Perhaps this would teach the State Department that it has **NO POWER** to discriminate against a traveling American citizen with severe disabilities from public service.

### **INJUNCTION RELIEF REQUESTED**

29. Injunction relief is obviously going to be necessary to force the State Department to give my HHA, Leslie C. Tabbada, a B1 visa with a full 12-month time period. There was no reason to reject her application because she had all police clearances **spotless** and she would be paid by Medicare once we reach U.S. soil. Her four children live in the Philippines, all minors, and so she has reason to return also.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

30. This Court has jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, as it is a federal question action based on the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment due process under *Bivens v. Six Unknown Agents*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971) and *Carey v.*

*Piphus*, 435 U.S. 247 (1978) and *Goldberg v. Kelly*, 397 U.S. 254 (1970).

The disability discrimination falls under the Rehabilitation Act 1973 and *Barnes v. Gorman*, 536 U.S. 181 (2002). The discrimination in lending is also a federal law violation, as is the violation of the right to travel under *Kent v. Dulles*. The possible criminal violations explained in the affidavit show that restitution may also be grounds under federal law.

31. Venue properly lies in the District of Guam under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(3), as the defendant is the United States. The United States can be sued in any district.

I, Attorney Andrew U. D. Straw, certify that to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, formed after an inquiry reasonable under the circumstances, that the above statements and factual representations are true and correct under penalty of perjury. **Date: August 3, 2019**

Respectfully submitted,

s/ ANDREW U. D. STRAW

700 12th ST NW, STE 700  
PMB 92403  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telephone: (802) 552-3030  
andrew@andrewstraw.com

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Andrew U. D. Straw, certify that I filed the above COMPLAINT and AFFIDAVIT and 1 EXHIBIT and SUMMONS and a CIVIL COVER SHEET and *IFP* MOTION with AFFIDAVIT and MOTION FOR MARSHAL SERVICE and USM 285 FORM with the Clerk of this Court via U.S. Mail, First Class and Postage Prepaid, on **August 3, 2019**, and this will be served on all attorneys of record as well as permanently available through Pacer.gov.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ ANDREW U. D. STRAW  
700 12th ST NW, STE 700  
PMB 92403  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telephone: (802) 552-3030  
andrew@andrewstraw.com  
*Plaintiff, Proceeding Pro Se*  
www.andrewstraw.com

This JS-441 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

ANDREW U. D. STRAW

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff: N/A (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Full Name, Address, and Telephone Number): Pro Se: Andrew U. D. Straw, 700 12th ST. NW, STE 700 PMB 92403, Washington, DC 20005, (802) 552-3030, andrew@andrewstraw.com

DEFENDANTS

U.S. Department of State

FILED ENTERED LOGGED RECEIVED

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED

Attorneys (If Known): U.S. Solicitor General, 950 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC, 20543

BALTIMORE CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MARYLAND DEPUTY

19-2294 J.M.C.

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- U.S. Government Plaintiff, Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party), U.S. Government Defendant, Diversity (Different Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- Citizen of This State, Citizen of Another State, Citizen or Subject of Foreign Country, Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State, Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State, Foreign Nation

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Click here for Nature of Suit Code Descriptions

Table with 6 columns: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, CIVIL RIGHTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FOREFTURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES. Includes various legal categories and codes.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- Original Proceeding, Removed from State Court, Remanded from Appellate Court, Reinstated or Respected, Transferred from Another District (Specify), Multidistrict Litigation Transfer, Multidistrict Litigation Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (do not cite constitutional statute unless asserted): U.S. Constitution, 5th Amendment Due Process Clause, Rehabilitation Act of 1973. See affidavit and complaint.

Brief description of cause:

Compensation and injunction relief for disability discrimination in reparation loan program administration.

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A GLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.C.P.

DEMAND: \$1,052,500.00

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: [X] Yes [ ] No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions)

JUDGE: none in this district or circuit

DOCKET NUMBER:

DATE: August 3, 2019 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD: s/Andrew U. D. Straw

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT: AMOUNT: APPLYING FEE: JUDGE: MAG. JUDGE:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND, NORTHERN DIVISION  
101 West Lombard Street  
Baltimore, MD 21201  
(410) 962-2600

ANDREW U. D. STRAW,	)	
<i>Plaintiff,</i>	)	Case No.:
v.	)	Hon.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE,	)	Judge Presiding
<i>Defendant.</i>	)	Hon.
	)	Magistrate Judge
	)	Jury Trial Demanded

**AFFIDAVIT AND EXHIBITS**

I, *plaintiff-appellant* and *affiant* Andrew U. D. Straw, request the Court to take notice of these facts in support of my COMPLAINT and so depose:

1. I incorporate by reference Exhibit 1, which is a true and correct copy of the Medical Certificate I gave to the U.S. Embassy in Manila, the Philippines, to demonstrate that I am fit to travel back to the United States.
2. Note that this Medical Certificate said absolutely nothing about my need for disability accommodations.
3. I do in fact need disability accommodations because of the disabilities evident on my webpage about my disabilities, which can be found at [www.andrewudstraw.com](http://www.andrewudstraw.com)

4. The x-rays showing my severe disabilities were true and correct at the time they were made. Both of my legs and my pelvis were broken in a head-on car crash where a reckless driver slammed into me at 60 mph as I drove to the Indiana Supreme Court to work in 2001. *Straw v. Indiana, et. al.*, 2019-147 (Vt.). I later had a total hip replacement and amputation of the top portion of my right femur in 2012, shown on the website.
5. In 2019, I applied for a repatriation loan to return to the United States due to my destitute status. The State Department did not dispute or reject that I am destitute and living in a state of poverty on SSDI in Bauan, the Philippines.
6. I requested the assistance of the same Home Health Aide, Leslie C. Tabbada, who I have used for over 1 year as I lived in the Philippines.
7. She assists me with the tasks of daily living and I told the Embassy in Manila that I needed her help as a disability accommodation.
8. The Embassy lost one of my emails with supporting documentation after I filed my application for the repatriation loan.
9. Ms. Tabbada had an appointment for her B1 visa on June 7, 2019.

*Straw v. Indiana, et. al.*, 2019-147 (Vt.); *Straw v. U.S. District Court, et. al.*, 1:18-cv-278-CMH-MSN (E.D. Va.).

18. The United States keeps increasing the injury either by overplaying my poisoning impact or underplaying the impact. Here, the U.S. Embassy is underplaying my very serious disabilities *caused by the United States* and my public service to the Indiana Supreme Court.
19. After the death of my mother and the disabilities I have suffered and the open-spine surgery of my daughter, the 50 years of suffering and pain, the Embassy should have treated me like a royal visitor, but instead denied me services and insulted me.
20. I have about 14 nail-like metal pieces in my ankle and many more in my pelvis. My ribs were broken on my right side. My hand was broken. My nose was crushed like a mace hit it.
21. The Department of Justice has taken a very clear position on all people who receive SSDI like myself in the context of lending.
22. The Justice Department has argued that Social Security benefits, including SSDI, are “public assistance benefits” for purposes of Equal Credit Opportunity Act and its implementing

regulation, Regulation B, 12 C.F.R. § 202.1, *et seq.* DOJ also argued that, “All recipients of SSDI have been determined to have a disability within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 423(d)(1) by the Social Security Administration.” *USA v. Evolve Bank & Trust*, 2:16-v-02040 (W.D. Tenn.) (Dkt. 1). DOJ recognizes damages to private individuals should be paid when there is discrimination based on disability in lending, and the repatriation loan is a lending program. 24 C.F.R. § 100.130(b).

23. My resume shows my commitment to disability rights nationally, regionally, and locally, and I incorporate it by reference, recognizing that it changes from time to time:

[www.andrewstraw.com](http://www.andrewstraw.com)

24. I am an attorney, licensed in the Commonwealth of Virginia, Bar# 43651, currently in Active in Good Standing Status through 2020.

25. I am also licensed to practice law before the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit.

26. I am the Founder of Disability Party, which has thousands of followers in over 40 countries, last I checked.

27. To attempt to prevent me from returning to the United States is to violate 18 U.S.C. § 241:

If two or more persons conspire to **injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate** any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District in the free exercise or enjoyment of **any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same;** \* \* \* They shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both \* \* \*

28. The right to travel is a constitutional right. *Kent v. Dulles*, 357 U.S. 116 (1958). Substantive due process rights under the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment should have guaranteed my ability to use the repatriation loan program not as a privilege, but as a right created by Congress. *Goldberg v. Kelly*, 397 U.S. 254 (1970).

29. I am disabled and destitute and when I demanded an escort, the one I have used for over a year, there should have been NO RESISTANCE, no deception or bad faith like what I experienced.

30. I believe the Embassy was also attempting to interfere with my return to the USA, where I have access to Medicare, but I do not in the Philippines. Interfering with my health care is criminal because it is interfering with Medicare and I have a due process right to access to that insurance.

because I sought a repatriation loan, and therefore *on that basis alone her visa was denied.*

37. This was a second attack on *me as a disabled person*, destitute in a foreign country with SSDI as my only income source.

38. I said to that Window 28 officer that I would use my SSDI funds to get us to the United States and my Medicare would pay for her wages once there. He scoffed at me, said I am on the repatriation loan and therefore my HHA is NOT coming to the USA with me. VISA DENIED, PERIOD. He tried to intimidate my HHA by asking if she was in a relationship with me.

39. The visa denial would not have been possible if the repatriation loan had not denied her being my escort, as was my right. So one bad faith denial in the repatriation loan program based on my medical certificate led directly to a visa denial. Both were bad faith actions and should be punished.

40. This was arbitrary and capricious, violent to my civil rights and my rights as a candidate for Congress and Medicare recipient, and this result must be reversed. I cannot allow the State

Department to discriminate against me because it will mean they can discriminate against any disabled person.

41. This Court must reverse the Embassy in Manila and grant me the money it will take to pay my way, my HHA's ticket to the USA, **grant further her B1 domestic visa which was denied**, and all money for her employment for one year, the term of her visa.

42. I claim for purposes of the lawsuit the following: **\$2,500** for the two tickets to the USA for myself and my HHA/Escort. \$20 per hour for 2,500 hours over 12 months for my HHA to be paid, a total in such wages of **\$50,000** and this must be tax-free.

43. I claim emotional turmoil damages and other damages consistent with being a civil rights victim and a crime victim from having been rejected in my disabilities and my accommodations: **\$1,000,000**. I claim this specific amount because a disabled person received the same amount for one humiliating trip to the police station. *Barnes v. Gorman*, 536 U.S. 181 (2002). My suffering goes on and on and on and the violations repeat and take new forms. Thus, this amount of damages is apropos.

44. My honor has been violated as the son of a U.S. Marine and Vietnam veteran. My honor has been violated as the grandson of a U.S. Navy veteran and WWII Pacific Theater veteran. The poisoning and sacrifice from Camp LeJeune gives me the right to expect the very best treatment by the U.S. government, including the U.S. Embassy in Manila.

45. **Every time someone has discretion, it must be used in my favor** after the amount of damage caused by the U.S. government to me and my family. I am not asking for the Court or anyone else to be unfair or biased in my favor but my circumstances must be taken into account every time I file a lawsuit or request some administrative relief. My sacrifices in public service are why I start out with a natural advantage that deserves discretion in my favor.

46. I have heard that the Embassy is demoralized and understaffed in Manila at this time because of the actions of the president, but that is not an excuse for how I was mistreated.

#### **SERVICE BY U.S. MARSHAL**

47. I am moving the Court to allow me to proceed *In Forma Pauperis* for this case and if this is granted, I also then seek the

mandatory service under FRCP Rule 4(c)(3) by the U.S. Marshal. My only income is \$1,163 per month in SSDI disability pension and I have no real estate or vehicle, my only assets being used personal property worth less than \$1,000. My debt is approximately \$5,500 at this time. I am destitute and the State Department even agrees with this. The SSDI alone makes my income less than 150% of the federal poverty line. At this income level and with these assets, two federal courts and a state supreme court granted me *IFP* status in the last year. *Straw v. U.S. District Court, et. al.*, 1:18-cv-278-CMH (E.D. Va.); *Straw v. North Carolina*, 7:18-cv-74-D (E.D. N.C.); *Straw v. Illinois State Board of Elections, et. al.*, 2019-147 (Vt.).

48. Finally, I abandoned my residence in Illinois over one year ago and I made very clear when I filed my paperwork with the Federal Election Commission that Vermont will be my home when I return from the Philippines, where I have been studying disability access features for over one year. I have a pending application for public housing in Vermont at this time.

49. Further, *affiant* sayeth not.

I, *affiant* and *plaintiff-appellant* Andrew U. D. Straw, certify that to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, formed after an inquiry reasonable under the circumstances, that the above statements and factual representations are true and correct under penalty of perjury.

**Dated: August 3, 2019**

Respectfully submitted,

s/ ANDREW U. D. STRAW

700 12<sup>th</sup> ST NW, STE 700  
PMB 92403  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telephone: (802) 552-3030  
andrew@andrewstraw.com

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, *plaintiff* Andrew U. D. Straw, certify that I filed the above AFFIDAVIT with the Clerk of this Court via Docsmit.com (U.S. Mail, First Class) on **August 3, 2019**, and when the Clerk enters the document into the CM/ECF system, it will be served to all attorneys of record and permanently available through Pacer.gov.

Respectfully submitted,  
s/ ANDREW U. D. STRAW  
700 12<sup>th</sup> ST NW, STE 700  
PMB 92403  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telephone: (802) 552-3030  
andrew@andrewstraw.com  
*Plaintiff, Proceeding Pro Se*

EXHIBIT 1



**BAUAN DOCTORS GENERAL HOSPITAL**

BAUAN DOCTORS MULTIPURPOSE COOPERATIVE

BAUAN, BATANGAS

Tel. No: 727-3527 / 727-4019 / 727-2237

Date June 03, 2019

**MEDICAL CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that Andrew Straw 21/4 years  
old and a resident of San Roque, Bauan, Batangas  
sought consultation at this clinic.

DIAGNOSIS: physically fit at the time of examination

REMARKS: fit to travel to United States of America

This certification is issued per patient/relatives request for whatever purpose it may serve.

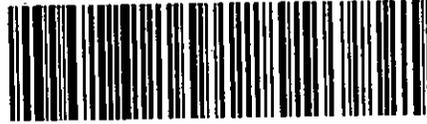
  
..... MD

License No. 009906

Internal Medicine

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U.S. District Court, D.MD  
101 W Lombard St Ste 4415  
Baltimore, MD 21201-2629



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**Document Information:**

- 37 pages in the enclosed document
- 37 single sided sheets of paper

*This page was added by Docsmit and is not part of the document from the sender, which starts on the next page.*

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
DISTRICT OF MARYLAND

ANDREW U. D. STRAW

Plaintiff(s)

v.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Defendant(s)

Civil Action No.

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) U.S. Department of State
c/o U.S. Solicitor General
950 Pennsylvania Ave, NW
Washington, D.C. 20543

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Andrew U. D. Straw, Pro Se
700 12th ST NW, STE 700
Washington, D.C. 20005
(802) 552-3030
andrew@andrewstraw.com -- please communicate to plaintiff via email.

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. \_\_\_\_\_

**PROOF OF SERVICE**

*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))*

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* \_\_\_\_\_  
was received by me on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,  
on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* \_\_\_\_\_, who is  
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on *(date)* \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because \_\_\_\_\_ ; or

Other *(specify)*: \_\_\_\_\_

My fees are \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for travel and \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for services, for a total of \$ \_\_\_\_\_.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Server's signature*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Printed name and title*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Server's address*

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: