

CONSTITUTIONAL COURT REFORMS: 2022

ALL JUDGES AND JUSTICES TO BE ELECTED

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to require all Indiana judges at the trial, appellate, and Supreme Court level be elected by voters over whom the Court has jurisdiction and all judges and justices shall have 4-year terms with a maximum of 3 terms?”

GENERAL ASSEMBLY CAN IMPEACH JUDGES ON SIMPLE MAJORITY VOTE OF BOTH HOUSES

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to allocate power to remove a judge or justice for any reason to the General Assembly on a simple majority vote of both the Indiana House and Indiana Senate, with such removal a bar to future judgeships?”

40% OF VOTERS CAN REMOVE AN APPELLATE JUDGE

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to contain the ability of voters to remove any Court of Appeals judge or Indiana Supreme Court justice on a 40% level of support for removal in any general election, with such removal a bar to future judgeships?”

ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE TO BE GOVERNED EXCLUSIVELY BY THE BAR AS A WHOLE WITH NO COURT INVOLVEMENT

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to provide that attorney discipline shall be conducted and controlled by the bar of Indiana as a whole, not the state supreme court or any officer under the control or appointment of the Indiana Supreme Court, and thus all court rules related to discipline are abolished, with the bar body to be created by legislation and all attorneys with Indiana law licenses, previously sanctioned or not, shall be members?”

ALL ATTORNEY ADMISSIONS SHALL BE DONE BY THE BAR OF THE ENTIRE STATE OF INDIANA, NOT ANY COURT

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to provide that attorney admissions shall be conducted and controlled and governed by the bar of Indiana as a whole, not the state supreme court or any officer under the control or appointment of the Indiana Supreme

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Court or any other state court or its agencies, and thus all court rules regarding attorney admissions are abolished?”

**SUSPENSION ONLY FOR SERIOUS CRIMES PER *IN RE MING*,
In re Ming, 469 F.2d 1352 (7th Cir. 1972)**

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to prohibit any attorney’s suspension unless that attorney has been at least convicted of a B Misdemeanor crime?”

**NULLIFICATION OF ALL SUSPENSIONS THAT WERE NOT
IMPOSED FOR CRIME**

“Shall the Indiana Constitution Article 7, contain a new section: All past suspension of attorneys not based on a B misdemeanor or greater criminal conviction are hereby nullified as though never existing.”

USE OF TERM FRIVOLOUS IS PROHIBITED

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to prohibit all Indiana judges and justices from using the term frivolous to criticize or label any lawsuit or filing by any lawyer or any *pro se* litigant, with dismissal henceforth being the only means to dispatch a lawsuit?”

DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION ABOLISHED

“Shall Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to make any reference or use of disability in any statute, regulation, or rule as a means to suspend or prevent someone being a lawyer with disabilities in Indiana be a constitutional disability discrimination act with compensatory and punitive money damages?”

**TAKINGS PAYMENTS MANDATORY FOR REMOVAL OR
SUSPENSION OF LAW LICENSES WITHIN 30 DAYS IF **NO CRIME
WAS COMMITTED BY THE ATTORNEY SO SANCTIONED****

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“Shall the Indiana Bill of Rights, Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana be amended to include a new section directing the **Treasurer of Indiana** to pay any attorney who has been deprived of an Indiana law license (suspension or disbarment) **without any crime committed** by that attorney for the law license property right lost; with payment to be **\$100,000 per license per year or any part thereof** for law license suspensions and a flat **\$1 million** for each license for any suspension over 4.0 years or a disbarment; and including identical payment for any reciprocal suspensions or disbarments by other states or federal courts based on the Indiana sanction with **no crime committed**; with a 30-day time limit for payment by the Treasurer once demanded; with no statute of limitations or repose; retroactive; with *any* suspensions the same as ordered ones for the full time an attorney is deprived of a law license?”

INDIANA ATTORNEY GENERAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR CRIMES OF DEPUTIES

“Shall the Indiana Bill of Rights, Article 1, include a new section protecting the public from dishonesty in the office of the Attorney General: shall the Indiana Attorney General be removed from office if his deputy or deputies commit crimes such as misleading a federal judge by stating that 29 days is the time to answer or defend when the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 12, state that 21 days is the time limit?”

INDIANA SUPREME COURT OR STATE BAR RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS HEARING OFFICER’S DISHONESTY

“Shall the Indiana Bill of Rights, Article 1, include a new section protecting the public from dishonesty in the Supreme Court or the new Indiana bar agencies: For instance, shall the Supreme Court or those supervising hearing officers in the State Bar be removed from office if such hearing officer is hired by a federal court to be a judge while being sued in that federal court?”

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I, **Andrew U. D. Straw** (suspended for 5 years and 1 month without any crime committed by me), have been abused and sanctioned in my law admissions with violations of my privacy, my human rights, my right to use the courts, and my right not to be suspended **without my having committed any crime** or having been accused of doing **anything dishonest**. The Indiana courts are not competent to govern these important matters without prejudice and passion, especially when the Court was accused of discrimination, and my case demonstrates this. I made such accusations of disability rights violations by the Indiana Supreme Court and was punished with retaliation for 8 years (2014-2022).

I ask the House and Senate to pass the above and give the Indiana voters a chance to change the awful judicial systems we have now. These are fair and neutral changes to improve the functioning of the judicial branch, for which I worked and sacrificed [the bones in both my legs and my pelvis](#), over 400 courts, when I served the Supreme Court, the Chief Justice, the State Court Administrator, and every trial court in the state. Courts have too much power to be without accountability, but that is the system in Indiana now. No judge or justice in Indiana has the same experience I do, and it is time for the abuses and disability discrimination to be rectified in the Constitution of the State of Indiana and all statutes and rules that emanate from it. Lawyers need to be in control of their own bar, not subject to a tiny minority of 5 people with tyrannical power over the whole bar, acting as despots with total unaccountable power to be partisan and hostile to civil rights.

Respectfully Submitted,



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